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All the time.



October 31, 2024



Island Regulatory and Appeals Commission  
PO Box 577  
Charlottetown PE C1A 7L1

Dear Commissioners:

### **2024 OATT Application**

Please find enclosed five copies of Maritime Electric's Application to update the charges under the Company's Open Access Transmission Tariff ("OATT").

The proposed OATT charges were developed using the same methodology used to develop the existing approved charges. The proposed charges are based on 2023 transmission system costs, determined through the 2023 Cost Allocation Study, while the existing charges are based on 2020 transmission system costs.<sup>1</sup> The increases in the proposed rates are mainly due to:

- Maritime Electric's investment of over \$20 million in OATT-related transmission system assets in response to load growth and system refurbishment, which results in the proposed charges during the three-year period from 2020 to 2023;
- Inflationary increases in the Company's input costs; and
- Increased spending in line maintenance and in maintenance of rights of ways costs.

In addition to the proposed changes to OATT rates in this application, the Company is studying OATT operational changes in neighbouring jurisdictions regarding the technical requirements associated with inverter-based wind and solar generating facilities requesting to connect to the transmission system to determine whether similar changes are required here.

Rather than delaying the filing of this Application, the Company plans to file a separate application to propose changes to the Company's OATT Attachment J – Generation Interconnection Agreement ("GIA") in 2025. The GIA sets out the terms and conditions governing the design, engineering, materials procurement, facility upgrades, construction, installation, ownership, safe and reliable operation, maintenance, protection, metering, costs and cost recovery, and any other matters related to interconnection of an independent power producer to the Company's transmission system. It is important to note that it does not impact any of the rate changes proposed in the attached application.

.../2

<sup>1</sup> The 2023 Cost Allocation is being filed congruently with this application as a stand-alone document.

In the interim, Maritime Electric is advising renewable energy developers that they will be required to meet standards and design parameters that are being implemented elsewhere in the Atlantic region before they will be allowed to connect to the Company's transmission system. These changes are driven by the need to ensure inverter-based wind and solar generation operate reliably and predictably now and into the future to ensure the integrity of the Company's transmission system and to compensate for the declining portion of the power supply that is being provided by synchronous generators on the system.

If you have any questions or require additional information concerning any aspect of this Application, please do not hesitate to contact me at 902-629-3701.

Yours truly,

MARITIME ELECTRIC



Michelle Francis  
Vice President, Finance & Chief Financial Office

MF44  
Enclosures

**C A N A D A**

**PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND**

**BEFORE THE ISLAND REGULATORY  
AND APPEALS COMMISSION**

**IN THE MATTER** of Section 20 of the *Electric Power Act* (R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-4) and **IN THE MATTER** of the Application of Maritime Electric Company, Limited for an order approving changes to the Open Access Transmission Tariff Schedules and for certain approvals incidental to such an order.

**APPLICATION AND EVIDENCE  
OF  
MARITIME ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED**

**October 31, 2024**

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1 1.0 APPLICATION

2  
3 C A N A D A

4  
5 P R O V I N C E O F P R I N C E E D W A R D I S L A N D

6  
7 B E F O R E T H E I S L A N D R E G U L A T O R Y  
8 A N D A P P E A L S C O M M I S S I O N

9  
10  
11 **IN THE MATTER** of Section 20 of the *Electric Power Act*  
12 (R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-4) and **IN THE MATTER** of the  
13 Application of Maritime Electric Company, Limited for an  
14 order approving changes to the Open Access Transmission  
15 Tariff Schedules and for certain approvals incidental to such  
16 an order.

17  
18 **INTRODUCTION**

19 Maritime Electric Company, Limited (“Maritime Electric” or “the Company”) is a Corporation  
20 incorporated under the laws of Canada with its head or registered office at Charlottetown and  
21 carries on a business as a public utility subject to the *Electric Power Act* engaged in the  
22 production, purchase, transmission, distribution and sale of electricity within Prince Edward  
23 Island.

24  
25 **APPLICATION**

26 Maritime Electric hereby applies for an Order of the Island Regulatory and Appeals Commission  
27 (“IRAC” or “the Commission”) approving changes to the Open Access Transmission Tariff  
28 (“OATT”) Schedules as outlined in the attached evidence.

29  
30 The proposals contained in this Application represent a just and reasonable balance of the  
31 interests of Maritime Electric and those of its customers and will, if approved, allow the Company  
32 to operate an effective transmission system at a cost that is, in all circumstances, reasonable.

1 **PROCEDURE**

2 Filed hereto is the Affidavit of Jason Christopher Roberts and Angus Sumner Orford contains the  
3 evidence in which Maritime Electric relies in this Application.

4  
5 Dated at Charlottetown, Province of Prince Edward Island, this 31<sup>st</sup> day of October, 2024.

6  
7  
8 

9  
10 **D. Spencer Campbell, Q. C.**

11  
12  
13 STEWART MCKELVEY  
14 65 Grafton Street, PO Box 2140  
15 Charlottetown PE C1A 8B9  
16 Telephone: (902) 629-4549  
17 Facsimile: (902) 892-2485  
18 Solicitors for Maritime Electric Company, Limited

1 **2.0 AFFIDAVIT**

2

3 **C A N A D A**

4

5 **PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND**

6

7 **BEFORE THE ISLAND REGULATORY**

8 **AND APPEALS COMMISSION**

9

10

11 **IN THE MATTER** of Section 20 of the *Electric Power Act*  
12 (R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-4) and **IN THE MATTER** of the  
13 Application of Maritime Electric Company, Limited for an  
14 order approving changes to the Open Access Transmission  
15 Tariff Schedules and for certain approvals incidental to such  
16 an order.

17

18

19 **AFFIDAVIT**

20

21 We, Jason Christopher Roberts of Suffolk and Angus Sumner Orford of Charlottetown, in Queens  
22 County, Province of Prince Edward Island, MAKE OATH AND SAY AS FOLLOWS:

23

24 We are the President and Chief Executive Officer and Vice-President, Corporate Planning and  
25 Energy Supply of Maritime Electric respectively and, as such, have personal knowledge of the  
26 matters deposed to herein, except where noted, in which case we rely upon the information of  
27 others and in which case we verily believe such information to be true.

28

29 Maritime Electric is a public utility subject to the *Electric Power Act* engaged in the production,  
30 purchase, transmission, distribution and sale of electricity within Prince Edward Island.

31

32 We prepared or supervised the preparation of the evidence and to the best of our knowledge and  
33 belief the evidence is true in substance and in fact. A copy of the evidence is attached to this, our



**2.0 AFFIDAVIT**

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1 Affidavit, and is collectively known as Exhibit "A", contained in Sections 3 through 10 inclusive  
2 and Appendices A through H inclusive.

3

4 Section 11 contains a proposed Order of the Commission based on the Company's Application.

5

6

7 SWORN TO SEVERALLY at Charlottetown,

8 Province of Prince Edward Island,

9 the 31<sup>st</sup> day of October, 2024.

10



Jason C. Roberts

11

12

13



Angus S. Orford

14

15

16

17



18

19 A Commissioner for taking Affidavits

20 in the Supreme Court of Prince Edward Island.

1 **3.0 INTRODUCTION**

2

3 **3.1 Corporate Profile**

4 Maritime Electric owns and operates a fully integrated system providing for the purchase,  
5 generation, transmission, distribution and sale of electricity throughout Prince Edward Island  
6 (“PEI”). The Company’s head office is located in Charlottetown with generating facilities in  
7 Charlottetown and Borden-Carleton.

8

9 Maritime Electric is the primary provider of electricity on PEI delivering approximately 90 per cent  
10 of the energy on PEI. To meet customers’ energy demand and supply requirements, the Company  
11 has contractual entitlement to capacity and energy from NB Power’s Point Lepreau Nuclear  
12 Generating Station (“Point Lepreau”) and an agreement for the purchase of capacity and system  
13 energy from NB Power delivered via four submarine cables owned by the Province of PEI.

14

15 Through various contracts with the PEI Energy Corporation, the Company also purchases the  
16 capacity and energy from 92.5 megawatts (“MW”) of wind generation and the energy from 10 MW  
17 of solar generation, both on PEI. In the event that the wind and/or solar generation fails to provide  
18 all the energy expected in these contracts, the shortfall is obtained through additional energy  
19 purchases from NB Power or by operating the Company’s 90 MW of on-Island backup generation.

20

21 Maritime Electric is a public utility subject to the PEI’s *Electric Power Act*. As a public utility, the  
22 Company is subject to regulatory oversight and approvals of the Commission. IRAC’s jurisdiction  
23 to regulate public utilities is found in the *Electric Power Act* and the *Island Regulatory and Appeals*  
24 *Commission Act*.

25

26 **3.2 Overview of Evidence**

27 Under Section 20 of the *Electric Power Act*, Maritime Electric is permitted to submit to the IRAC,  
28 for its approval, amendments to the Open Access Transmission Tariff (“OATT”). This evidence  
29 herein is in support of the Company’s proposed updates to the OATT to reflect changes in costs  
30 to supply the transmission services offered through the OATT.

31

### **3.0 INTRODUCTION**

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- 1 These proposed updates are explained in Sections 7.0 to 9.0. Maritime Electric's currently
- 2 approved OATT charges are based on 2020 cost data. The proposed updated charges are based
- 3 on 2023 cost data.

1 **4.0 BACKGROUND**

2 An OATT defines the terms, conditions and price for access to an electric utility’s transmission  
3 system for third-party users on the same basis as the utility uses the transmission system to serve  
4 its load.

5  
6 The evidence herein summarizes the approach used by Maritime Electric to develop the proposed  
7 OATT rates. Maritime Electric’s approach closely follows NB Power’s approach, which, in turn, is  
8 based on the United States Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC”) Pro Forma Tariff.

9  
10 Maritime Electric currently supplies 90 per cent of the PEI load under a fully bundled, cost of  
11 service regulatory model. The remaining 10 per cent of the load is supplied by the City of  
12 Summerside Electric Department (“Summerside Electric”). Since 2002, Summerside Electric has  
13 been purchasing its electricity supply from off-Island sources and Maritime Electric has been  
14 providing transmission wheeling service for Summerside Electric. In addition, Maritime Electric  
15 has been providing transmission wheeling service for the West Cape wind farm since 2007.

16  
17 In July 2018, Maritime Electric received IRAC approval of an OATT that provided for wholesale  
18 transmission access to meet the needs of Summerside Electric and merchant wind power  
19 developers on PEI. The proposed OATT also complied with the reciprocity requirements of the  
20 FERC Pro Forma Tariff in that Maritime Electric’s proposed OATT provided for wholesale  
21 transmission access on the Maritime Electric system in the same manner that wholesale  
22 transmission access is available to Maritime Electric on the New Brunswick system.

23  
24 Since then, the Commission has approved updates to the OATT to reflect changes in costs and  
25 circumstances. As indicated in this application, Maritime Electric is proposing updated OATT rates  
26 that reflect 2023 system costs and is filing these updated OATT rates for IRAC approval as  
27 directed by the Commission in Order UE22-04.

**5.0 PROVISIONS OF THE FERC PRO FORMA TARIFF**

Under the FERC Pro Forma Tariff, the Transmission Provider (Maritime Electric in this case) is responsible for providing the transmission delivery services known as Network Integration Transmission Service (“Network Service”) and Point-to-Point Transmission Service (“Point-to-Point Service”) to all users on a non-discriminatory basis and at rates based on the cost of providing the service. The Transmission Provider is not required to supply either energy or generating capacity.

**Network Service** is firm transmission service that delivers capacity and energy to the high side of the Transmission Customer’s substation transformers. It is usually used for the supply of load within the system. On PEI, Maritime Electric uses Network Service for delivery to the 24 substations supplying its load across the Province of PEI.

**Point-to-Point Service** refers to reserving capacity for transmitting energy from a Point of Receipt to a Point of Delivery. An example of this is a reservation from the New Brunswick interconnection at Murray Corner to the metering point for Summerside Electric. This service is available on either a firm or a non-firm basis. Point-to-Point Service is usually used for wholesale transactions between systems rather than for the direct supply of load within a system.

The Pro Forma Tariff also requires that the Transmission Provider make certain **Ancillary Services** available at regulated rates. Ancillary Services are support services that range from the actions necessary to effect and balance a transfer of electricity between a buyer and a seller to the services required to enable the transmission system to be operated reliably.

Services that must be available are as follows, and the rates for such services are to be provided as per the Pro Forma Tariff under the following specific numbered schedules:

- Scheduling, System Control, and Dispatch Service [**Schedule 1**];
- Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation Sources Service [**Schedule 2**];
- Regulation and Frequency Response Service [**Schedule 3**];
- Energy Imbalance Service [**Schedule 4**];
- Operating Reserves – Spinning Reserve Service [**Schedule 5**]; and
- Operating Reserves – Supplemental Reserve Service [**Schedule 6**].

## 5.0 PROVISIONS OF THE FERC PRO FORMA TARIFF

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1 Of these services, the Transmission Customer must take Scheduling, System Control and  
2 Dispatch Service and Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation Sources Service  
3 from the Transmission Provider. The Transmission Customer is responsible for securing all other  
4 Ancillary Services when serving load within the Transmission Provider's control area. They can  
5 be self-supplied, purchased from third-party suppliers or purchased at regulated rates from the  
6 Transmission Provider.

7

8 A **Postage Stamp Rate**<sup>1</sup> for electricity transmission does not vary according to the location of the  
9 buyer or the seller (Point of Delivery and Point of Receipt), just as postage stamps for letters are  
10 typically at a fixed price, regardless of their origin and destination. In the Pro Forma Tariff, both  
11 Network Service and Point-to-Point Service are provided through postage stamp rates.

---

<sup>1</sup> Platt's Glossary ([www.platts.com](http://www.platts.com)).

**6.0 SERVICES UNDER MARITIME ELECTRIC'S OATT**

**6.1 Transmission Service**

Table 1 shows the rate for long-term firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service in Maritime Electric's proposed OATT and existing approved OATT as well as the corresponding rates in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

<b>TABLE 1</b>	
<b>Rates for Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service</b>	
<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>(\$/MW-year)</b>
Maritime Electric proposed OATT	52,750.58
Maritime Electric existing approved OATT	45,983.18
New Brunswick <sup>2</sup>	32,570.04
Nova Scotia <sup>3</sup>	60,953.64

The proposed Maritime Electric rate for long-term firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service has been calculated using the same approach as used by NB Power for its OATT. The calculation of the rate is described in Section 7.0.

Under Maritime Electric's proposed and existing OATT, the rates for Network Service are the same as those for long-term firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service.

**6.2 Capacity-Based Ancillary Services**

Ancillary Services can be grouped into two main categories. Capacity-based services are provided from generation capacity that must be committed to the provision of the service and cannot be used simultaneously for other purposes. Non-capacity-based services do not require the commitment of generator capacity for provision of the service.

The Maritime Electric OATT provides the same Capacity-Based Ancillary Services ("CBAS") as the NB Power OATT. These CBAS services are:

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<sup>2</sup> Effective January 1, 2023.

<sup>3</sup> Effective February 2, 2023, from NS Power Open Access Same Time Information System ("OASIS").

## 6.0 SERVICES UNDER MARITIME ELECTRIC'S OATT

---

- 1 1. Regulation and Frequency Response from Generation Sources Service [**Schedule 3**]  
2 composed of:  
3
  - 4 i. Regulation (Automatic Generation Control or “AGC”);
  - 5 ii. Load Following; and
  - 6 iii. AGC and Load Following for Non-Dispatchable Wind Generation;  
7
- 8 2. Operating Reserves – Spinning Reserve Service [**Schedule 5**]; and  
9
- 10 3. Operating Reserves – Supplemental Reserve Service [**Schedule 6**] composed of:  
11
  - 12 i. (a) Supplemental (10-minute); and
  - 13 ii. (b) Supplemental (30-minute).  
14

15 Maritime Electric cannot directly provide the Regulation and Load Following Services because,  
16 for most of the year, it does not run on-Island generation which could be used to regulate the  
17 energy flow on the NB/PEI interconnection. Instead, the New Brunswick system provides the  
18 Regulation and Load Following Services for the PEI load by using on-line generators in New  
19 Brunswick to regulate the energy flow on the New Brunswick interconnection with New England.  
20 The obligations for these services are allocated on a load ratio share basis to New Brunswick,  
21 northern Maine and PEI. Maritime Electric purchases the PEI obligation for Regulation and Load  
22 Following Services from NB Power and recovers this cost through Maritime Electric's OATT  
23 Schedule 3 charges.

24  
25 The requirements for Operating Reserves (Spinning, 10-minute Supplemental and 30-minute  
26 Supplemental) are determined for New Brunswick, northern Maine and PEI as a whole. These  
27 are based on the Northeast Power Coordinating Council reliability requirements. The obligations  
28 are shared among the three entities on a load share basis. Spinning Reserve must be purchased  
29 from off-Island sources because, for most of the year, no on-Island generators are running to  
30 provide this service. However, shut down generators with quick start capability can provide 10-  
31 minute and 30-minute Supplemental Reserves. Maritime Electric and Summerside Electric  
32 normally self-supply their 10-minute and 30-minute Supplemental Reserve requirements.



1 For the Maritime Electric OATT, the Company is proposing to use the same rates for Capacity-  
2 Based Ancillary Services as are in the NB Power OATT, consistent with existing OATT rates. To  
3 the extent that Maritime Electric provides these services by purchasing them from New Brunswick  
4 or elsewhere, the cost is a flow-through with no mark up. To the extent that Maritime Electric  
5 provides Supplemental Reserve from one of its own generating units, the charge is as per the  
6 rates in the NB Power OATT (the rates for Capacity-Based Ancillary Services in the NB Power  
7 OATT are based on current day escalating proxy generating unit costs, not embedded costs for  
8 generating assets in New Brunswick).

### 10 **6.3 Non Capacity-Based Ancillary Services**

11 The Maritime Electric OATT provides the same non-capacity-based Ancillary Services as the NB  
12 Power OATT. These services are:

- 14 i. Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service [**Schedule 1**];
- 15 ii. Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation or Other Sources Service  
16 [**Schedule 2**];
- 17 iii. Energy Imbalance Service [**Schedule 4**]; and
- 18 iv. Residual Uplift [**Schedule 10**].

19  
20 Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service is required to schedule the movement of power  
21 through, out of, within, or into the Maritime Electric transmission system. Maritime Electric's  
22 Energy Control Centre provides this service. The rates for this service have been derived using  
23 the same approach as used by NB Power for its OATT. The calculations are shown in Appendix F.

24  
25 Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation or Other Sources Service is the operation  
26 of on-line generators or other sources to produce or absorb reactive power as needed to maintain  
27 transmission system voltages within acceptable limits. At the time of the 2023 PEI system peak,  
28 no reactive power would have been required from Maritime Electric's on-Island generators in the  
29 event of an outage to the 138 kV transmission line in New Brunswick between Memramcook and  
30 Murray Corner. Reactive supply from the new submarine cables and the 69 kV switched  
31 capacitors at Charlottetown and Lorne Valley would have been sufficient. The proposed rates for  
32 this service are shown in Appendix H.

## **6.0 SERVICES UNDER MARITIME ELECTRIC'S OATT**

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1 Energy Imbalance Service is a service whereby energy is provided or taken during an hour to  
2 offset for the difference between a Transmission Customer's scheduled use of the transmission  
3 system and their actual use of the transmission system for the hour.

4  
5 Maritime Electric cannot directly provide Energy Imbalance Service because, for most of the year,  
6 it does not run on-Island generators that could be used to regulate the energy flow on the NB/PEI  
7 interconnection. Instead, the Control Area Operator ("NB Power") provides the Energy Imbalance  
8 Service associated with the NB/PEI interconnection using on-line generators in New Brunswick  
9 to regulate the energy flow on the New Brunswick interconnection with New England. Maritime  
10 Electric purchases the service from NB Power and the costs are allocated to the users of the PEI  
11 transmission system in proportion to their imbalance.

12  
13 When an unforeseen expense (or revenue) occurs that is not covered under one of the other  
14 schedules in the OATT, there must be a method by which the Transmission Provider can recoup  
15 (or payout) these costs. This is accomplished by using Schedule 10 – Residual Uplift. Residual  
16 Uplift includes revenues and expenses such as penalties for deficiencies, unrecovered generation  
17 costs, and/or unrecovered costs associated with the purchase or sale of emergency energy.

### **6.4 Wholesale Transmission Access**

18  
19 Like the current NB Power OATT, Maritime Electric's proposed OATT provides for wholesale  
20 access only. Retail access is not proposed to be made available because:

- 21  
22
- 23 ▪ Wholesale access is required under the FERC Pro Forma Tariff;
  - 24 ▪ Under the current legislation on PEI, Maritime Electric has the monopoly franchise for all  
25 of PEI except for the areas served by Summerside Electric; and
  - 26 ▪ Apart from Summerside Electric, none of Maritime Electric's other customers who take  
27 service at the transmission system level have expressed an interest in being able to  
28 purchase their electricity requirements from other suppliers.

**7.0 CALCULATION OF TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATES**

Maritime Electric’s current approved OATT rates are based on historical 2020 data, as per Maritime Electric’s 2020 Cost Allocation Study (“CAS”), and the actual transmission system usage for 2020. Likewise, the OATT rates proposed in this Application are based on historical 2023 cost data, as per Maritime Electric’s 2023 CAS, and the actual transmission system usage for 2023.

A preliminary step in the calculations includes adjustments to the “transmission” function cost from the 2023 CAS, as shown in Table 2.

<b>TABLE 2 Reconciliation of 2023 CAS Appendix B to Appendix A of OATT Application (\$ thousands)</b>	
Net Revenue Requirement – 2023 CAS Appendix B Page 25 of 74, Column 4 labelled “Transmission”	17,877
Add back OATT revenue	2,725
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>20,602</b>
Amortization Adjustment	(88)
Adjustment for Cable Debt Payments	(2,342)
<b>TOTAL Transmission Costs – Appendix A of OATT Application</b>	<b>18,172</b>

Table 2 shows three adjustments:

1. In the 2023 CAS, the net revenue requirement of \$17,877,000 is the portion of transmission system costs recovered from Maritime Electric customers. Adding the \$2,725,000 collected from other users of the transmission system in 2023 gives the total transmission system revenue requirement of \$20,602,000 for 2023. This amount includes the \$375,000 annual contribution to the Cable Contingency Fund.
2. The amortization adjustment is for the amortization of a \$2.5 million contribution from West Cape Phase 1 that is included with contributions on distribution fixed assets but should reduce the revenue requirement for amortization of transmission assets.
3. The Cable Debt Payments is Maritime Electric’s portion of the payments to the PEI Energy Corporation for the 2017 submarine cables project, in accordance with the Debt Collection Agreement, and is to be recovered from distribution customers. Therefore, it is deducted from the transmission revenue requirement for OATT purposes.

## 7.0 CALCULATION OF TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATES

1 Table 3 shows how the transmission system revenue requirement for 2023 has been allocated  
2 by functional use (i.e., among the various users) for the proposed OATT rates compared to the  
3 allocation of the 2020 revenue requirement in the current OATT rates. The allocation of the 2023  
4 revenue requirement is detailed in Appendix A. This revenue requirement includes all  
5 transmission asset-related costs including amortization costs, operation, maintenance and  
6 administration costs, interest charges, income taxes and a regulated return on equity investment.  
7

<b>TABLE 3</b>		
<b>Functional Allocation of Revenue Requirements (\$ thousands)</b>		
<b>Functional Use</b>	<b>2023 Revenue Requirement</b>	<b>2020 Revenue Requirement<sup>4</sup></b>
Miscellaneous designated facilities	\$ 40	\$ 43
Maritime Electric - contracted wind related	1,524	1,268
Merchant wind related <sup>5</sup>	239	207
OATT related – Schedule 2	268	243
OATT related – Schedules 7 and 8	15,714	12,209
OATT related – Schedule 1	387	332
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 18,172</b>	<b>\$ 14,302</b>

8  
9 The revenue requirement is a \$/year quantity. To determine a \$/MW-year rate for transmission  
10 service, the revenue requirement is divided by the transmission system usage, measured in MW.  
11 Table 4 shows the combined transmission system usages used for calculating the proposed rate  
12 compared to the existing approved rate. Details of the calculations supporting Table 4 are  
13 provided in Appendix B. Non-firm transmission service has been converted to equivalent firm  
14 quantities, such that multiplying an equivalent firm quantity by the rate for long-term firm service  
15 will give the same amount of revenue as was charged for the corresponding non-firm service.  
16

<sup>4</sup> 2020 comparative figures provided in this Application are based on revisions to the 2021 OATT Application (Docket UE20945) filed with the Commission on February 25, 2022 and approved in the Commission Order UE22-04.

<sup>5</sup> The merchant wind related revenue requirement includes only a small amount of financing costs because most of the capital cost for the associated designated transmission facilities was covered by a contribution in aid of construction.

## 7.0 CALCULATION OF TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATES

TABLE 4 Network and Point-to-Point Transmission System Usage (MW)		
Type of Service	2023 Firm Service or Equivalent	2020 Firm Service or Equivalent
Long-term firm point-to-point	-	-
Maritime Electric network (average 12 CP) <sup>6</sup>	247.8	213.8
Summerside Electric network (average 12 CP)	-	-
Summerside Electric short-term firm	7.3	11.6
Summerside Electric non-firm	14.4	4.7
Merchant Wind non-firm (based on non-Appalachian pricing)	28.4	35.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>297.9</b>	<b>265.5</b>

1  
2 Normally, the rates for non-firm service are higher for usage during on-peak hours than for off-  
3 peak hours. The methodology used throughout most of North America for calculating the higher  
4 on-peak rates is referred to as Appalachian pricing (the calculation methodology is shown in  
5 Appendices D, E and H). Maritime Electric is proposing that the transmission service rates  
6 (excluding rates for Ancillary Services) for exporting to off-Island should continue to be the same  
7 on-peak and off-peak (non-Appalachian pricing), since the transmission system continues to have  
8 excess capacity for deliveries of electricity from PEI to New Brunswick. The reason for doing this  
9 is to align the OATT with the Provincial Government policy of encouraging merchant wind  
10 development on PEI.

11  
12 Given the revenue requirement and the equivalent transmission firm service usage, the rate for  
13 long-term firm service (either Point-to-Point or Network) is calculated in Table 5.

14

TABLE 5 Calculation of Rate for Long-Term Firm Service (Point-to-Point or Network)			
		2023	2020
Revenue requirement <sup>7</sup> (\$ thousands)	A	15,714	12,209
Firm transmission service or equivalent (MW)	B	297.9	265.5
<b>Rate<sup>8</sup> (\$/MW-year)</b>	<b>C = A/B x 1,000</b>	<b>52,751</b>	<b>45,983</b>

15

<sup>6</sup> CP refers to coincident peak or the demand on the system at the time of the electric system peak for the year.

<sup>7</sup> Rounded values, with the 2023 value presented in Appendix A.

<sup>8</sup> Based on calculation using actual, not rounded figures.

## 7.0 CALCULATION OF TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATES

1 Additional calculation details, including the calculation of charges for time periods shorter than a  
 2 year, are provided in Appendices C, D and E.

3  
 4 A summary of the proposed rates for services is shown in Table 6, along with the existing  
 5 approved rates. Maritime Electric proposes that its OATT Schedules 3, 5 and 6 continue to refer  
 6 to the NB Power website for current rates.

7

<b>Services</b>	<b>Schedule in OATT</b>	<b>Reference</b>	<b>Proposed Rates (\$/MW-month)</b>	<b>Existing Rates (\$/MW-month)</b>
Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch	1	Appendix F	102.55	96.56
Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources	2	Appendix G	70.96	70.65
Regulation (Automatic Generation Control) <sup>9</sup>	3(a)	NB OATT	10,571.84	10,571.84
Load Following <sup>9</sup>	3(b)	NB OATT	10,535.19	10,535.19
AGC and Load Following for Non-Dispatchable Wind <sup>9</sup>	3(c)	NB OATT	\$1.25/MWh	\$1.25/MWh
Energy Imbalance	4	Section 6.3	n/a	n/a
Operating Reserve – Spinning <sup>9</sup>	5	NB OATT	10,522.97	10,522.97
Operating Reserve – Supplemental (10 minute) <sup>9</sup>	6(a)	NB OATT	6,268.17	6,268.17
Operating Reserve – Supplemental (30 minute) <sup>9</sup>	6(b)	NB OATT	6,268.17	6,268.17
Point-to-Point Transmission Service	7 and 8	Appendix D	4,395.88	3,831.93
Non-Capital Support Charge Rate	9	Section 8.0	2.04%	1.77%
Residual Uplift	10	Section 6.3	n/a	n/a
Network Transmission Service	Att. H	Appendix E	4,395.88	3,831.93

8

<sup>9</sup> These rates are taken directly from the NB Power OATT, effective January 1, 2023, and are shown for reference.

**8.0 SCHEDULE 9 – NON-CAPITAL SUPPORT CHARGE**

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1 **8.0 SCHEDULE 9 – NON-CAPITAL SUPPORT CHARGE**

2 Schedule 9 is for operating, maintenance and administration (“OM&A”) charges to designated  
3 transmission facilities for which a contribution in aid of construction was provided. Under Schedule  
4 9, direct OM&A costs, such as repairs, are charged against the designated facility as incurred. In  
5 contrast, indirect (administrative or general) costs are recovered through an annual charge  
6 against the gross asset value of the designated facility. The calculation of this annual charge is  
7 shown in Table 7.

8

<b>TABLE 7</b>		
<b>Schedule 9 – Non-Capital Support Charge (\$ thousands)</b>		
<b>Transmission System Related</b>	<b>2023 Data</b>	<b>2020 Data</b>
General Expenses (from Cost Allocation Study)	2,313	1,662
Insurance	531	408
Property Taxes	165	140
<b>Total General Expenses</b>	<b>3,009</b>	<b>2,210</b>
Maritime Electric Gross Transmission Assets (mid-year)	147,186	124,661
Plus: Direct Assignment Facilities to Mid-2007	included above	included above
<b>Total Gross Transmission Assets</b>	<b>147,186</b>	<b>124,661</b>
<b>General Expenses as Per Cent of Gross Transmission Assets</b>	<b>2.04%</b>	<b>1.77%</b>

9

1 **9.0 SYSTEM LOSSES**

2 Maritime Electric applies system losses on a Postage Stamp basis for transmission system usage.

3 The percentage losses for a month are equal to the actual losses for the same month in the  
4 previous year. Average transmission system losses in 2023 were 1.7 per cent, unchanged from

5 2020.



**10.0 COMPARISON OF 2023 AND 2020 OATT RATES**

**10.1 Schedule 1 – Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service**

The proposed rate for Schedule 1, per Table 6, has increased 6.2 per cent from the 2020 rate. As shown in Table 3 – Energy Control Centre-related costs have increased by 16.6 per cent, from \$332,000 in 2020 to \$387,000 in 2023, which was partially offset by the 9.7 per cent increase in total system usage (based on Appalachian pricing) from 286.7 MW in 2020 to 314.4 MW in 2023.

**10.2 Schedule 2 – Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources Service**

Similar to the 2020 rate for Schedule 2, the proposed rate is based on the two 10 MVAR capacitors installed at the Charlottetown substation in 2018 and the two 5 MVAR capacitors installed in the Lorne Valley switching station in 2020. Although operation of Combustion Turbine #3 would have been required at system peak in 2023 to reduce loading on the interconnection, under the worst-case single transmission contingency (i.e., the loss of the transmission line in New Brunswick between Memramcook and Murray Corner), the unit would not have been required to supply reactive power. Thus, an increase in the system's reactive power supply capability has not been needed.

The proposed rate for Schedule 2, per Table 6, has increased 0.4 per cent from the 2020 rate. As shown in Table 3, Schedule 2 related costs have increased by 10.3 per cent, from \$243,000 in 2020 to \$268,000 in 2023, which was largely offset by the 9.7 per cent increase in total system usage (based on Appalachian pricing) from 286.7 MW in 2020 to 314.4 MW in 2023.

**10.3 Schedules 3, 5 and 6**

The proposed rates for Schedules 3, 5 and 6 depend on services provided by the New Brunswick Transmission System Operator. Any costs to Maritime Electric for these Schedules flow through to the Transmission Customer with no markup.

**10.4 Schedules 7 and 8 – Point-to-Point Transmission Service**

As shown in Table 3, OATT-related costs (shared by all users) have increased by 28.7 per cent, from \$12,209,000 in 2020 to \$15,714,000 in 2023, which was partially offset by the 12.2 per cent increase in total system usage from 265.5 MW in 2020 to 297.9 MW in 2023. This results in a 14.7 per cent proposed increase in rates for Schedules 7 and 8, from the 2020 rates. By

1 comparison, the Consumer Price Index for Prince Edward Island increased by 17.7 per cent over  
2 the same period.<sup>10</sup>

3  
4 Since 2020, approximately \$11.6 million has been invested in transmission line assets. The most  
5 significant additions include the construction of a new transmission line Y-119, rebuilding a section  
6 of Y-109 along the Bannockburn Road, rebuilding T-11 and constructing a transmission tap to a  
7 new substation in East Royalty. In addition, ongoing investments were made to replace  
8 transmission line protection and control equipment that had reached their end of life.

9  
10 Over the same period, the Company invested approximately \$25.1 million in substations and  
11 communications equipment of which approximately \$8.8 million has been allocated to  
12 transmission assets. Investments included new substations in Marshfield, Clyde River, and  
13 Crossroads and a new X5 transformer in West Royalty substation. Ongoing investments were  
14 also made to modernize existing substations and replace system communications equipment  
15 including investments in fibre communications infrastructure.

#### 16 17 **10.5 Schedule 9 – Non-Capital Support Charge Rate**

18 The proposed Non-Capital Support Charge Rate has increased to 2.04 per cent in 2023 from 1.77  
19 per cent in 2020. The increase is driven by a 36 per cent increase in the Company's indirect  
20 OM&A costs from \$2.21 million to \$3.01 million as shown in Table 7, while the Total Gross  
21 Transmission Assets increased 18.1 per cent over the same period.

22  
23 This 15 per cent proposed change in the Non-Capital Support Charge rate is less than the  
24 increase in the Prince Edward Island Consumer Price Index over the same period.

#### 25 26 **10.6 Schedule 10 – Residual Uplift**

27 There are no proposed changes to the Schedule 10 terms and conditions.

---

<sup>10</sup> Statistics Canada. Table 18-10-0005-01 Consumer Price Index, annual average, not seasonally adjusted.

1 11.0 PROPOSED ORDER

2

3 C A N A D A

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5 PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

6

7

BEFORE THE ISLAND REGULATORY  
AND APPEALS COMMISSION

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**IN THE MATTER** of Section 20 of the *Electric Power Act*  
(R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-4) and **IN THE MATTER** of the  
Application of Maritime Electric Company, Limited for an  
order approving the changes to the Open Access  
Transmission Tariff Schedules and for certain approvals  
incidental to such an order.

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UPON receiving an Application by Maritime Electric Company, Limited (the “Company”) for  
approval of proposed amendments to its Open Access Transmission Tariff and certain approvals  
incidental to such an order;

19

20

21

22

AND UPON considering the Application and Evidence filed in support thereof;

23

24

25

NOW THEREFORE, for the reasons given in the annexed Reasons for Order and pursuant to the  
Electric Power Act;

26

27

IT IS ORDERED THAT

28

29

30

The Company’s Open Access Transmission Tariff Schedules, as approved by the Commission in  
Order UE18-05 and UE22-04, are amended effective July 1, 2025 and shall continue to be in  
effect until otherwise ordered by the Commission.

**11.0 PROPOSED ORDER**

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1 DATED at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

2

3 BY THE COMMISSION:

4

\_\_\_\_\_

5

Chair

6

7

\_\_\_\_\_

8

Commissioner

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10

\_\_\_\_\_

11

Commissioner



## APPENDIX A

### Allocation of Year 2023 Transmission Costs by Function

Appendix A  
ALLOCATION OF YEAR 2023 TRANSMISSION COSTS BY FUNCTION  
( \$ thousands )

	Average gross plant in service	Average accum. amortztn	Average net plant in service	Amortztn expense	Amortztn including Allocated Indirects	OM&A initial assignmnt	Allocations of OM&A			Interest, return & taxes	Total from Cost Allocation Study	Other revenues adjustment	Total cost
							Unassignd OM&A	General by gross plant	Allocated OM&A expense				
					A	B	C	D	E = B + C + D	F	G = A + E + F	H	I = G + H
Transmission costs from 2023 Cost Allocation Study				4,062		10,017				6,764	20,843	(240)	20,603
Less adjustments				(88)		(2,343)					(2,431)		(2,431)
<b>Total Transmission Costs from 2023 Cost Allocation Study after Adjustments</b>				<b>3,974</b>		<b>7,674</b>				<b>6,764</b>	<b>18,412</b>	<b>(240)</b>	<b>18,172</b>
Miscellaneous designated amounts													
- substations (for MECL generation)	234	234	-	-	-	-	3	5	7	-	7		7
- substations ( other )	133	46	87	-	-	-	1	3	4		4		4
- lines ( other )	369	167	203	-	-	-	5	8	12		12		12
- telecommunications ( other )	357	309	48	4	4	-	5	7	13		17		17
	<b>1,093</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>40</b>		<b>40</b>
Designated for MECL wind purchases													
- substations	623	185	438	11	14	-	7	13	20	36	69	(1)	68
- lines	9,052	2,616	6,436	294	355	245	112	184	541	527	1,423	(19)	1,404
- telecommunications	399	184	216	18	22	-	6	8	14	18	53	(1)	53
	<b>10,075</b>	<b>2,985</b>	<b>7,090</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>1,545</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>1,524</b>
Designated for IPP merchant wind													
- substations	1,441	447	994	(24)	(29)	-	-	29	29		1		1
- lines	16,497	5,702	10,795	(86)	(103)	-	-	335	335	1	234		234
- telecommunications	129	112	17	1	2	-	-	3	3		4		4
	<b>18,068</b>	<b>6,261</b>	<b>11,806</b>	<b>(108)</b>	<b>(130)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>239</b>		<b>239</b>
System capacitors - Schedule 2													
- Charlottetown and Lorne Valley Caps	2,115	169	1,947	40	48	-	23	43	66	159	273	(6)	268
OATT transmission facilities													
- interconnection (incl. NB Sched 9 charges)	-	-	-	-	-	1,841	-	-	1,841	-	1,841		1,841
- submarine cables contingency fund	-	-	-	-	-	375	-	-	375	-	375		375
- substations	37,862	10,083	27,779	667	804	-	415	770	1,185	2,273	4,262	(81)	4,181
- lines	66,857	22,635	44,222	2,204	2,659	322	827	1,359	2,509	3,618	8,786	(129)	8,657
- telecommunications	2,963	1,680	1,283	134	161	-	44	60	105	105	371	(4)	367
- OATT administration	-	-	-	-	-	293	-	-	293	-	293	-	293
	<b>107,682</b>	<b>34,398</b>	<b>73,284</b>	<b>3,005</b>	<b>3,625</b>	<b>2,831</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>2,190</b>	<b>6,308</b>	<b>5,995</b>	<b>15,928</b>	<b>(214)</b>	<b>15,714</b>
Energy Control Centre	834	491	343	31	37	305		17	322	28	387		387
Unassigned OM&A													
- substation OM&A						449	allocate by substation gross plant						
- lines OM&A						944	allocate by lines gross plant						
- telecommunications OM&A						56	allocate by tele. gross plant						
Indirect													
- Insurance						531	allocate by gross plant with General						
- Vehicles	3,045	1,429	1,616	210		-							
- General	4,274	1,492	2,782	470		2,313	allocate by gross plant						
<b>Totals</b>	<b>147,186</b>	<b>47,980</b>	<b>99,206</b>	<b>3,974</b>	<b>3,974</b>	<b>7,674</b>	<b>1,448</b>	<b>2,844</b>	<b>7,674</b>	<b>6,764</b>	<b>18,412</b>	<b>(240)</b>	<b>18,172</b>

Note: Values shown are rounded for ease of presentation, and sums may not match exactly. OATT rates in Appendices A-I, and included in Schedules 1-10 and Attachment H, are based on actuals.



## **APPENDIX B**

**Demand Determinants for 2023**

Appendix B  
DEMAND DETERMINANTS FOR 2023

Services	2023 usage ( MW )	2023 usage ( MWh )	Transmission Service equivalent firm ( MW )	Schedules 1 and 2 equivalent firm ( MW )
<b>Long-term firm Point-to-Point reservations</b>	-		-	-
<b>Average of 12 CP for MECL load (Network)</b>	247.8		247.8	247.8
<b>Average of 12 CP for Sside load (Network)</b>	-		-	-
<b>Short-term firm Point-to-Point service:</b>				
- Summerside (average for 12 months)	7.3		7.3	7.3
<b>Non-firm Point-to-Point service:</b>				
- Summerside on-peak		43,902	10.5 ( Appalachian )	10.5 ( Appalachian )
off-peak		33,917	3.9	3.9
- West Cape wind on-peak		131,159	15.0 ( non-Appalachian )	31.5 ( Appalachian )
off-peak		117,179	<u>13.4</u>	<u>13.4</u>
			<u>297.9</u>	<u>314.4</u>





## **APPENDIX C**

### **Calculation of Unit Costs for Transmission Services and Schedules 1 and 2**

APPENDIX C  
CALCULATION OF UNIT COSTS FOR TRANSMISSION SERVICES AND SCHEDULES 1 AND 2\*

Services	Total usage by service ( MW )	Total usage by service %	Total Cost Allocated to OATT Transmission Facilities (\$ thousands)	Total Allocated cost by service (\$ thousands)	Annual unit cost (\$ / MW - yr )	Monthly unit cost (\$ / MW - mo )
	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F</b>
	<b>Appendix B</b>		<b>Appendix A</b>	<b>= B X C</b>	<b>= D X 1,000 / A</b>	<b>= E / 12</b>
OATT Point to Point	50.1	16.8%	\$ 15,714	\$ 2,643	\$ 52,751	\$ 4,395.88
OATT Network	247.8	83.2%	\$ 15,714	13,071	\$ 52,751	\$ 4,395.88
Subtotal Transmission Services	297.9	100%		15,714	\$ 52,751	\$ 4,395.88
Misc. designated amounts				40		
MECL wind purchases				1,524		
IPP merchant wind				239		
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply	314.4	100%	\$ 268	268	\$ 852	\$ 70.96
Sched 1 - Sys Control & Dispatch	314.4	100%	\$ 387	387	\$ 1,231	\$ 102.55
Total				\$ 18,172		

Note: Charges for firm Point-to-Point are the same as for Network service

\* Calculations based on underlying whole number which has been rounded for presentation purposes



## APPENDIX D

### Rates for Point-To-Point Transmission Service

Appendix D  
RATES FOR POINT-TO-POINT TRANSMISSION SERVICE

Total annual cost by class, per Appendix C		<u>2,643</u>	\$ thousands
Total usage by class <sup>1</sup> , per Appendix C		<u>50.1</u>	MW
Yearly <sup>2</sup> (same as for Network Service)		52,750.58	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 12	4,395.88	\$ / MW - mo
Weekly <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 52	1,014.43	\$ / MW - wk
On-peak daily <sup>3,5</sup>	= Weekly / 5	202.89	\$ / MW - day
Off-peak daily <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 365	144.52	\$ / MW - day
On-peak hourly <sup>4,5</sup>	= On-peak daily / 16	12.68	\$ / MWh
Off-peak hourly <sup>4</sup>	= Yearly / 8,760	6.02	\$ / MWh

Notes: 1 Usage based on long term firm reservations or equivalent

2 Firm service only

3 Firm or Non firm service

4 Non firm service only

5 Exporters use the corresponding off-peak rate (non-Appalachian pricing)



## APPENDIX E

### Rates for Network Transmission Service

Appendix E  
RATES FOR NETWORK TRANSMISSION SERVICE  
Attachment H

Total annual cost by class, per Appendix C	<u>13,071</u>	\$ thousands
Total usage by class (average of 12 CP), per Appendix C	<u>247.8</u>	MW
Yearly	52,750.58	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly	= Yearly / 12	4,395.88 \$ / MW - mo



## APPENDIX F

**Rates for Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service (Schedule 1)**

Appendix F  
RATES FOR SCHEDULING, SYSTEM CONTROL AND DISPATCH SERVICE  
SCHEDULE 1

Total annual cost ( for Energy Control Centre ), per Appendix A	387	\$ thousands
---	-----	--------------

Total usage, per Appendix B	314.4	MW
-----------------------------	-------	----

For Point to Point Service<sup>1</sup>

Yearly <sup>2</sup>		1,230.60	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 12	102.55	\$ / MW - mo
Weekly <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 52	23.67	\$ / MW - wk
On-peak daily <sup>3</sup>	= Weekly / 5	4.73	\$ / MW - day
Off-peak daily <sup>3</sup>	= Yearly / 365	3.37	\$ / MW - day
On-peak hourly <sup>4</sup>	= On-peak daily / 16	0.30	\$ / MWh
Off-peak hourly <sup>4</sup>	= Yearly / 8,760	0.14	\$ / MWh

For Network Service

Yearly		1,230.60	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly	= Yearly / 12	102.55	\$ / MW - mo

Notes: 1 Usage based on long-term firm reservations

2 Firm service only

3 Firm or Non firm service

4 Non firm service only





## **APPENDIX G**

**Rates for Reactive Supply and Voltage Control Service  
from Capacitive Sources (Schedule 2)**

Appendix G  
RATES FOR REACTIVE SUPPLY AND VOLTAGE CONTROL SERVICE  
FROM CAPACITIVE SOURCES  
SCHEDULE 2

Total annual cost	(for system capacitors), per Appendix A	<u>268</u>	\$ thousands
-------------------	---	------------	--------------

Total usage	(Appendix B)	<u>314.4</u>	MW
-------------	--------------	--------------	----

For Point to Point Service

Yearly		851.56	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly	= Yearly / 12	70.96	\$ / MW - mo
Weekly	= Yearly / 52	16.38	\$ / MW - wk
On-peak daily	= Weekly / 5	3.28	\$ / MW - day
Off-peak daily	= Yearly / 365	2.33	\$ / MW - day
On-peak hourly	= On-peak daily / 16	0.20	\$ / MWh
Off-peak hourly	= Yearly / 8,760	0.10	\$ / MWh

For Network Service

Yearly		851.56	\$ / MW - yr
Monthly	= Yearly / 12	70.96	\$ / MW - mo

Notes: 1 The transmission customer (Point to Point or Network) must purchase this service from the transmission provider.



## **APPENDIX H**

**Maritime Electric Proposed  
Schedules 1-10 and Attachment H**

1 This service is required to schedule the movement of power through, out of, within, or into a  
2 Control Area. This service can be provided only by the Transmission Provider in which the  
3 transmission facilities used for transmission service are located. The Transmission Customer  
4 must purchase this service from the Transmission Provider. The charges for Scheduling, System  
5 Control and Dispatch Service are to be based on the rates set forth below.

6  
7 The charges for this ancillary service, payable monthly, are set forth below:

8

9 **Point-to-Point:**

- 10 1. Yearly Delivery: One twelfth of C\$1,230.60/MW of Reserved  
11 Capacity per year.
- 12 2. Monthly Delivery: C\$102.55/MW of Reserved Capacity per month.
- 13 3. Weekly Delivery: C\$23.67/MW of Reserved Capacity per week.
- 14 4. On-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$4.73/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.
- 15 5. Off-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$3.37/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.
- 16 6. On-Peak Hourly Delivery: C\$0.30/MW of Reserved Capacity per hour.
- 17 7. Off-Peak Hourly Delivery: C\$0.14/MW of Reserved Capacity per hour.

18

19 **Network Integration** C\$102.55/MW of Network Integration Service per month.

20

21 On-Peak days for the service are defined as Monday to Friday.

22

23 On-Peak hours for this service are defined as time between hour ending 09:00 and hour ending  
24 24:00 Atlantic Time, Monday to Friday.

**SCHEDULE 2 Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources Service**

In order to maintain transmission voltages on the Transmission Provider's transmission facilities within acceptable limits, generation facilities and non-generation resources capable of providing this service that are under the control of the Control Area Operator (in the Control Area where the Transmission Provider's transmission facilities are located) are operated to produce (or absorb) reactive power. Thus, Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources Service must be provided for each transaction on the Transmission Provider's transmission facilities. The amount of Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources Service that must be supplied with respect to the Transmission Customer's transaction will be determined based on the reactive power support necessary to maintain transmission voltages within limits that are generally accepted in the region and consistently adhered to by the Transmission Provider. Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Capacitive Sources Service is to be provided directly by the Transmission Provider (Maritime Electric). The Transmission Customer must purchase this service from the Transmission Provider. The charges for such service will be based on the rates set forth below.

The charges for this ancillary service, payable monthly, are set forth below:

**Point-To-Point:**

- 1. Yearly Delivery: One twelfth of C\$851.56/MW of Reserved Capacity per year.
- 2. Monthly Delivery: C\$70.96/MW of Reserved Capacity per month.
- 3. Weekly Delivery: C\$16.38/MW of Reserved Capacity per week.
- 4. On-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$3.28/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.
- 5. Off-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$2.33/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.
- 6. On-Peak Hourly Delivery: C\$0.20/MW of Reserved Capacity per hour.
- 7. Off-Peak Hourly Delivery: C\$0.10/MW of Reserved Capacity per hour.

**Network Integration**

C\$70.96/MW of Network Integration Service per month.

On-Peak days for this service are defined as Monday to Friday. On-Peak hours for this service are defined as time between hour ending 09:00 and hour ending 24:00 Atlantic Time, Monday to Friday.

1 Regulation and Frequency Response Service is necessary to provide for the continuous  
2 balancing of resources (generation and interchange) with load and for maintaining scheduled  
3 Interconnection frequency at sixty cycles per second (60 Hz). Regulation and Frequency  
4 Response Service is accomplished by committing on-line generation whose output is raised or  
5 lowered (predominantly through the use of automatic generating control equipment) as necessary  
6 to follow the moment-by-moment changes in load. The obligation to maintain this balance  
7 between resources and load lies with Maritime Electric, the Transmission Provider (or the Control  
8 Area Operator that performs this function for the Transmission Provider). The Transmission  
9 Provider must offer this service when the transmission service is used to serve load within its  
10 Control Area. The aforementioned Transmission Provider obligation to offer this service is  
11 conditional upon the Transmission Provider having sufficient visibility and control of the resources  
12 in the area in which the load is located to allow the Transmission Provider to perform its balancing  
13 function in a non-discriminatory fashion.

14  
15 The Transmission Customer must either purchase this service from the Transmission Provider or  
16 make alternative comparable arrangements to satisfy its Regulation and Frequency Response  
17 Service obligation. The Transmission Provider, in collaboration with the Control Area Operator,  
18 will take into account the speed and accuracy of regulation resources in its determination of  
19 Regulation and Frequency Response reserve requirements, including as it reviews whether a  
20 self-supplying Transmission customer has made alternative comparable arrangements. Upon  
21 request by the self-supplying Transmission Customer, the Transmission Provider will share with  
22 the Transmission Customer its reasoning and any related data used to make the determination  
23 of whether the Transmission Customer has made alternative comparable arrangements. The  
24 amount of and charges for Regulation and Frequency Response Service are set forth below. To  
25 the extent the Control Area Operator performs this service for the Transmission Provider, charges  
26 to the Transmission Customer are to reflect only a pass-through of the costs charged to the  
27 Transmission Provider by that Control Area Operator.

28  
29 The Regulation and Frequency Response Service is comprised of three components. These  
30 components are called Automatic Generation Control ("AGC"), Load Following and AGC and  
31 Load Following for Non-Dispatchable Wind Power Generators and are priced separately below.

32  
33 Intra-hour performance will be monitored for specific market participant behaviour that introduces

1 a disproportionate burden on the Control Area Operator with respect to AGC and load following.  
2 Sanctions may be invoked. The determination of whether or not such activity is disproportionate  
3 will take into account the extent to which the offending party is already paying the Control Area  
4 Operator for, or self-supplying to the Control Area Operator, the AGC and/or load following  
5 services. This determination will give consideration to the net effect of aggregated intra-hour  
6 behaviours of Non-Dispatchable Generators before any such sanction is invoked.

7  
8 **3(a) AGC:** This ancillary service is the provision of generation and load response capability,  
9 including capacity, energy and maneuverability, that responds often and rapidly to  
10 automatic control signals issued by the Control Area Operator.

11  
12 The charges for this ancillary service are a pass through from the Control Area Operator and are  
13 available at the web site <http://tso.nbpower.com> under the Tariff tab. If the purchase rate from the  
14 Control Area Operator changes the rate under this Schedule 3(a) will immediately change as well.

15  
16 There will be an adder applied to these prices when the Control Area Operator incurs extra costs.  
17 These extra costs will be limited to out-of-order dispatch costs associated with revised generation  
18 or load dispatch for the purpose of providing this ancillary service.

19  
20 **3(b) Load Following:** This ancillary service is the provision of generation and load response  
21 capability, including capacity, energy and maneuverability, that is dispatched within the  
22 scheduling period by the Control Area operator at frequencies and rates that are lower  
23 and slower than AGC.

24  
25 The charges for this ancillary service are a pass through from the Control Area Operator and are  
26 available at the web site <http://tso.nbpower.com> under the Tariff tab. If the purchase rate from the  
27 Control Area Operator changes the rate under this Schedule 3(b) will immediately change as well.

28  
29 There will be an adder applied to these prices when the Control Area Operator incurs extra costs.  
30 These extra costs will be limited to out-of-order dispatch costs associated with revised generation  
31 or load dispatch for the purpose of providing this ancillary service.

- 1 **3(c) AGC and Load Following for Non-Dispatchable Wind Power Generators:** This  
2 ancillary service is the combination of AGC and Load Following service required to  
3 address the aggregate impact of non-dispatchable wind generation in the balancing area.  
4 The rate is inclusive of capacity and out-of-order dispatch costs. The Transmission  
5 Provider shall seek to minimize these costs. The Transmission Provider shall discount the  
6 rates to the extent that revenues from this service are expected to exceed expenses for  
7 the purchase of these services.  
8
- 9 The charges for this ancillary service are a pass through from the Control Area Operator and are  
10 available at the web site <http://tso.nbpower.com> under the Tariff tab. If the purchase rate from  
11 the Control Area Operator changes the rate under this Schedule 3(c) will immediately change as  
12 well.  
13
- 14 This service does not apply to generators that are exporting from the balancing area and for which  
15 dynamic scheduling occurs whereby the delivery to an adjacent balancing area is equivalent to  
16 the generator's production.



1 Energy Imbalance Service is provided when a difference occurs between the expected and the  
2 actual hourly injection or withdrawal from the Transmission System.

3  
4 In the case of loads, including exports, Energy Imbalance is the difference between the scheduled  
5 withdrawal and the actual withdrawal of energy from the Transmission System. In the case of  
6 supply sources, including imports, Energy Imbalance is the difference between the scheduled  
7 injection and the actual injection to the Transmission System.

8  
9 Energy Imbalance Service does not apply to inadvertent energy imbalances that occur as a result  
10 of actions directed by the Transmission Provider ("Maritime Electric") or the Control Area Operator  
11 to:

- 12
- 13 ▪ Balance total load and generation for the Control Area, or a portion thereof, through the  
14 use of Automatic Generation Control;
- 15 ▪ Maintain interconnected system reliability, through actions such as re-dispatch or  
16 curtailment;
- 17 ▪ Support interconnected system frequency; or to
- 18 ▪ Respond to transmission, generation or load contingencies.

19  
20 For the purposes of this Schedule, Energy Imbalance Service will be settled between the  
21 Transmission Provider and the party responsible for the relevant transaction using the  
22 Transmission Provider's actual average hourly cost of the last megawatt dispatched for any  
23 purpose. For greater clarity, it is the hourly marginal cost of the Control Area Operator when the  
24 transmission interface between the Maritime Electric system and the NB Power system is not  
25 constrained and it is the marginal cost of the Maritime Electric system when the interface is  
26 constrained.

27  
28 Energy Imbalances will be monitored by the Control Area Operator for both specific occurrences  
29 of inappropriate behaviour and patterns of inappropriate behaviour. Any such behaviour will be  
30 addressed by the Control Area Operator in its market monitoring role.

31  
32 An optional service will be available for Non-Dispatchable Generators, from the Control Area  
33 Operator, whereby the hourly variances in deliveries to the Transmission System of all generators

- 1 that are registered to receive this service will be aggregated and the resulting net imbalance will
- 2 be allocated to those contributing to the imbalance in proportion to their respective contributions.
- 3 This service is available for a minimum term of one calendar month at the prior request of the
- 4 generator registrant and subject to the approval of the Transmission Provider.

1 Spinning Reserve Service (also referred to as Contingency Reserve – Spinning) is needed to  
2 serve load immediately in the event of a system contingency. Spinning Reserve Service may be  
3 provided by generating units that are on-line and loaded at less than maximum output and by  
4 non-generation resources capable of providing this service. The Transmission Provider must offer  
5 this service when the transmission service is used to serve load within its Control Area. The  
6 Transmission Customer must either purchase this service from the Transmission Provider or  
7 make arrangements to satisfy its Spinning Reserve Service obligation. The aforementioned  
8 Transmission Provider obligation to offer this service is conditional upon the Transmission  
9 Provider having sufficient visibility and control of the resources in the area in which the load is  
10 located to allow the Transmission Provider to perform its balancing function in a non-  
11 discriminatory fashion. To the extent the Control Area Operator (NB Power TSO) performs this  
12 service for the Transmission Provider (“Maritime Electric”), charges to the Transmission Customer  
13 are to reflect only a pass-through of the costs charged to the Transmission Provider by that  
14 Control Area Operator.

15

#### 16 **Customer Obligations**

17 The customer obligation for reserves will be determined as a percentage of the customer load  
18 coincident with the Maritimes annual peak load as determined for the Control Area.

19

#### 20 **Supplier Obligations**

21 Transmission Customers that self-supply this service, and third-party suppliers, shall provide  
22 between 100 and 110 per cent of the stated MW amount within seven minutes<sup>1</sup> of notification by  
23 the Transmission Provider to activate these reserves. The reserves shall be sustainable for 60  
24 minutes from activation.

25

26 Suppliers who offer Operating Reserve have an obligation to supply these reserves when notified  
27 by the Transmission Provider. Due to the infrequent occurrence of this and the importance of  
28 reserves to overall system reliability, a penalty will be applied to any supplier who is unable to  
29 meet its obligations. The penalty will be equal to one month’s charge for the amount of deficient  
30 reserves for each failure to supply.

---

<sup>1</sup> NPCC criterion for both spinning and 10 minute supplemental reserve is 10 minutes and 30 minutes for 30 Minute Reserve. Note, however, that this time span includes the decision-making time taken by the Transmission Provider. This is assumed to be 3 minutes for spinning and supplemental and 6 minutes for 30 Minute Reserve. Thus, the timeframes under consideration are 7 minutes and 24 minutes respectively.

**1    Activation of Reserves**

2    When a contingency occurs, the Transmission Provider will activate, at its sole discretion,  
3    sufficient reserves from (1) those under contract with the Transmission Provider, (2) those  
4    provided by Transmission Customers, (3) those contracted from third parties by Transmission  
5    Customers. Typically, the activation will be done to minimize the overall cost of supplying reserves  
6    and to return the system to pre-contingency conditions within the time required by NPCC  
7    Criteria/Directories and Control Area Operator reliability standards.

8

9    Reserve services will only be available for the hour in which the contingency occurs and the  
10   following two hours. The quality of service will be firm for this time period. The Transmission  
11   Customer is responsible to address any deficiency of its supply by the end of that time period.  
12   Any unscheduled energy withdrawal will be treated as Energy Imbalance as per Schedule 4.

13

14   The current applicable rates from the Control Area Operator through the NB OATT are available  
15   at the NB TSO web site <http://tso.nbpower.com>. If the purchase rate from the Control Area  
16   Operator changes, the rate under this Schedule 5 will immediately change as well.

17

18   There will be an adder applied to these prices when the Transmission Provider incurs extra costs.  
19   The extra costs will be limited out-of-order dispatch costs associated with revised generation or  
20   load dispatch for the purchase of providing this ancillary service. Out-of-order dispatch costs will  
21   be calculated as the difference between the cost of serving load and the cost-of-service load plus  
22   auxiliaries. These costs will be charged to the Transmission Customers that take this service on  
23   a pro rata share basis as a function of the quantity of the service purchased from the Transmission  
24   Provider at the time that the out-of-dispatch occurs.

1 Supplemental Reserve Service (also referred to as Contingency Reserve-Supplemental) is  
2 needed to serve load in the event of a system contingency; however, it is not available  
3 immediately to serve load but rather within a short period of time. Supplemental Reserve Service  
4 may be provided by generating units that are on-line but unloaded, by quick-start generation or  
5 by load fully removeable from the system within ten minutes of the contingency event. The  
6 Transmission Provider, or the Control Area Operator on its behalf, must offer this service when  
7 the transmission service is used to serve load within its Control Area. The Transmission Customer  
8 must either purchase this service from the Transmission Provider or make alternative comparable  
9 arrangements to satisfy its Supplemental Reserve Service obligation. The aforementioned  
10 Transmission Provider obligation to offer this service is conditional upon the Transmission  
11 Provider having sufficient visibility and control of the resources in the area in which the load is  
12 located to allow the Transmission Provider or the Control Area Operator to perform its balancing  
13 function in a non-discriminatory fashion. The Transmission Customer must either purchase this  
14 service from the Transmission Provider or make alternative comparable arrangements to satisfy  
15 its Supplemental Reserve Service obligation. The amount of and charges for Supplemental  
16 Reserve Service are set forth below. To the extent the Control Area Operator performs this service  
17 for the Transmission Provider, charges to the Transmission Customer are to reflect only a pass-  
18 through of the costs charged to the Transmission Provider by that Control Area operator.

19

#### 20 **6(a) Operating Reserve – Supplemental (10 minute)**

21 This ancillary service is the portion of Operating Reserve – Supplemental that is available within  
22 7 minutes.

23

24 The current applicable rates from the Control Area Operator through the NB OATT or directly from  
25 the Transmission Provider (“Maritime Electric”) are those provided at the NB TSO web site  
26 <http://tso.nbpower.com> under the Tariff tab. If the purchase rate from that web site changes the  
27 rate under this Schedule 6(a) will immediately change as well.

28

29 There will be an adder applied to these prices when the Transmission Provider incurs extra costs.  
30 These extra costs will be limited to out-of-order dispatch costs associated with revised generation  
31 or load dispatch for the purpose of providing this ancillary service. Out-of-order dispatch costs will  
32 be calculated as the difference between the cost of serving load and the cost of serving load plus  
33 ancillaries. These costs will be charged to Transmission Customers that take this service on a pro

1 rata share basis as a function of the quantity of the service purchased from the Transmission  
2 Provider at the time that the out-of-order dispatch occurs.

3  
4 **Supplier Obligations**  
5 Transmission Customers that self-supply this service, and third-party suppliers, shall provide  
6 between 100 and 110 per cent of the stated MW amount within seven minutes of notification by  
7 the Transmission Provider to activate these reserves. The reserves shall be sustainable for sixty  
8 minutes from activation.

9  
10 **Activation of Reserves**  
11 When a contingency occurs, the Transmission Provider will activate, at its sole discretion,  
12 sufficient reserves from (1) those under contract with the Transmission Provider, (2) those  
13 provided by Transmission Customers, (3) those contracted from third parties by Transmission  
14 Customers. Typically, the activation will be done to minimize the overall cost of supplying reserves  
15 and to return the system to pre-contingency conditions within the time required by NPCC  
16 Criteria/Directories and Control Area Operator reliability standards.

17  
18 **6(b) Operating Reserve – Supplemental (30 minute)**  
19 This ancillary service is the portion of the Operating Reserve – Supplemental that is available  
20 within 24 minutes.

21  
22 The current applicable rates from the Control Area Operator through the NB OATT or directly from  
23 the Transmission Provider (“Maritime Electric”) are those provided at the NB TSO web site  
24 <http://tso.nbpower.com> under the Tariff tab. If the purchase rate from that web site changes the  
25 rate under this Schedule 6(b) will immediately change as well.

26  
27 There will be an adder applied to these prices when the Transmission Provider incurs extra costs.  
28 These extra costs will be limited to out-of-order dispatch costs associated with revised generation  
29 or load dispatch for the purpose of providing this ancillary service.

30  
31 Out-of-order dispatch costs will be calculated as the difference between the cost of serving load  
32 and the cost of serving load plus ancillaries. These costs will be charged to Transmission  
33 Customers that take this service on a pro rata share basis as a function of the quantity of the

1 service purchased from the Transmission Provider at the time that the out-of-order dispatch  
2 occurs.

3

#### 4 **Supplier Obligations**

5 Transmission Customers that self-supply this service, and third-party suppliers, shall provide  
6 between 100 and 110 per cent of the stated MW amount within seven minutes<sup>2</sup> of notification by  
7 the Transmission Provider to activate these reserves. The reserves shall be sustainable for 60  
8 minutes from activation.

9

#### 10 **Activation of Reserves**

11 When a contingency occurs, the Transmission Provider will activate, at its sole discretion,  
12 sufficient reserves from (1) those under contract with the Transmission Provider, (2) those  
13 provided by Transmission Customers, (3) those contracted from third parties by Transmission  
14 Customers. Typically, the activation will be done to minimize the overall cost of supplying reserves  
15 and to return the system to pre-contingency conditions within the time required by NPCC  
16 Criteria/Directories and Control Area Operator reliability standards.

---

<sup>2</sup> NPCC criterion for both spinning and 10 Minute supplemental reserve is 10 minutes and 30 minutes for 30 Minute Reserve. Note, however, that this time span includes the decision-making time taken by the Transmission Provider. This is assumed to be 3 minutes for spinning and 10 Minute Supplemental and 6 minutes for 30 Minute Reserve. Thus, the timeframes under consideration are 7 minutes and 24 minutes respectively for reserves that are self-supplied.

1 The Transmission Customer shall compensate the Transmission Provider each month for  
2 Reserved Capacity at the sum of the applicable charges set forth below:

3

4 1. Yearly Delivery: One twelfth of the demand charge of C\$52,750.58/MW of  
5 Reserved Capacity per year.

6

7 2. Monthly Delivery: C\$4,395.88/MW of Reserved Capacity per  
8 month.

9

10 3. Weekly Delivery C\$1,014.43/MW of Reserved Capacity per week.

11

12 4. On-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$202.89/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.

13

14 5. Off-Peak Daily Delivery: C\$144.52/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.

15

16 The total demand charge in any week, pursuant to a reservation for Daily delivery, shall  
17 not exceed the rate specified in section (3) above times the highest amount in kilowatts of  
18 Reserved Capacity in any day during such week.

19

20 6. Discounts: Three principal requirements apply to discounts for transmission service as  
21 follows (1) any offer of a discount made by the Transmission Provider must be announced  
22 to all Eligible Customers solely by posting on the OASIS, (2) any customer-initiated  
23 requests for discounts (including requests for use by one's wholesale merchant or an  
24 Affiliate's use) must occur solely by posting on the OASIS, and (3) once a discount is  
25 negotiated, details must be immediately posted on the OASIS. For any discount agreed  
26 upon for service on a path, from point(s) of receipt(s) to point(s) of delivery, the  
27 Transmission Provider must offer the same discounted transmission service rate for the  
28 same time period to all Eligible Customers on all unconstrained transmission paths that  
29 go to the same point(s) of delivery on the Transmission System.

30

31 7. On-Peak days for this service are defined as Monday to Friday.



- 1 8. Reservations for off-Island electricity exports will be discounted to off-Peak rates during  
2 periods when transmission path(s) for export are unconstrained.  
3
- 4 9. Resales: The rates and rules governing charges and discounts stated above shall not  
5 apply to resales of transmission service, compensation for which shall be governed by  
6 Section 23.1 of the Tariff.

1 The Transmission Customer shall compensate the Transmission Provider each month for Non-  
2 Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service at the sum of the applicable charges set forth below:

- 3
- 4 1. Monthly delivery: C\$4.395.88/MW of Reserved Capacity per month.
- 5
- 6 2. Weekly delivery: C\$1,014.43/MW of Reserved Capacity per week.
- 7
- 8 3. On-Peak Daily delivery: C\$202.89/MW of Reserved Capacity per week.
- 9
- 10 4. Off-Peak Daily delivery: C\$144.52/MW of Reserved Capacity per day.

11

12 The total demand charge in any week, pursuant to a  
13 reservation for Daily delivery, shall not exceed the rate  
14 specified in section (2) above times the highest amount in  
15 kilowatts of Reserved Capacity in any day during such  
16 week.

- 17
- 18 5. On-Peak Hourly delivery: C\$12.68/MW of Reserved Capacity per hour.
- 19
- 20 6. Off-Peak Hourly delivery: C\$6.02/MWh of Reserved Capacity per hour.

21

22 The total demand charge in any day, pursuant to a  
23 reservation for Hourly delivery, shall not exceed the rate  
24 specified in section (3) above times the highest amount in  
25 kilowatts of Reserved Capacity in any hour during such day.  
26 In addition, the total demand charge in any week, pursuant  
27 to a reservation for Hourly or Daily delivery, shall not exceed  
28 the rate specified in section (2) above times the highest  
29 amount in kilowatts of Reserved Capacity in any hour during  
30 such week.

- 31
- 32 7. Discounts: Three principal requirements apply to discounts for transmission service as  
33 follows (1) any offer of a discount made by the Transmission Provider must be announced

1 to all Eligible Customers solely by posting on the OASIS, (2) any customer-initiated  
2 requests for discounts (including requests for use by one's wholesale merchant or an  
3 Affiliate's use) must occur solely by posting on the OASIS, and (3) once a discount is  
4 negotiated, details must be immediately posted on the OASIS. For any discount agreed  
5 upon for service on a path, from point(s) of receipt(s) to point(s) of delivery, the  
6 Transmission Provider must offer the same discounted transmission service rate for the  
7 same time period to all Eligible Customers on all unconstrained transmission paths that  
8 go to the same point(s) of delivery on the Transmission System.  
9

10 8. On-Peak days for this service are defined as Monday to Friday. On-Peak hours for this  
11 service are defined as time between hour ending 09:00 and hour ending 24:00 Atlantic  
12 Time, Monday to Friday.  
13

14 9. Reserved Capacity charges for off-Island electricity exports will be discounted to off-Peak  
15 rates during periods when transmission path(s) for export are unconstrained.  
16

17 10. Reserved Capacity charges for transmission access for off-Island electricity exports, in  
18 excess of actual electricity exports for the hour, will be discounted to 10 per cent of the  
19 applicable Reserved Capacity charge rate for the hour during periods when the  
20 transmission path(s) for export is not constrained.  
21

22 11. Resales: The rates and rules governing charges and discounts stated above shall not  
23 apply to resales of transmission service, compensation for which shall be governed by  
24 Section 23.1 of the Tariff.

1 The Non-Capital Support Charge Rate is an OM&A related carrying charge and shall include,  
2 without limitation, all indirect OM&A expenses. This rate is calculated as the indirect OM&A  
3 component of the Transmission Provider’s revenue requirement divided by the total plant (fixed  
4 assets) upon which the revenue requirement is based. This rate is applied to assets for which the  
5 Transmission Customer has been assigned an obligation to make support payments to the  
6 Transmission Provider. A Direct Assignment Facility for the interconnection of a generator that is  
7 paid for by the Transmission Customer but maintained by the Transmission Provider is one such  
8 example. The rate is as follows:

9

10 Non-Capital Support Charge Rate = 2.04%

11

12 The capital charges that are subject to support for a particular Transmission Customer are to be  
13 identified in the respective interconnection agreement.

14

15 Calculation of the support rate:

16

17	OM&A (Indirect)	C\$3.009	million/year
18	Fixed Assets (Gross Book Value)	C\$147.186	million
19	OM&A ÷ Fixed Assets	2.04	%

20

21 This rate will be updated by Maritime Electric subject to the approval of IRAC and will be used to  
22 calculate the support payments for capital charges that are subject to support payments. One-  
23 twelfth of the Capital Support Rate Charges will be paid monthly by the Transmission Customer.

24

25 In addition to the Non-Capital Support Rate Charge the Transmission Customer will be billed  
26 monthly on a time and materials basis for all OM&A direct costs (labour, materials and  
27 transportation) associated with the Direct Assignment Facilities.

1 The Residual Uplift provides a periodic settlement of various Transmission Provider expenses  
2 and revenues that are not reflected in other schedules in this OATT. The net value of these  
3 expenses and revenues can be either positive or negative in any given settlement period.

4  
5 Residual Uplift shall be calculated for each settlement period in accordance with the Transmission  
6 Provider's rules and procedures as provided on the Maritime Electric website. Residual Uplift  
7 includes revenues and expenses associated with such things as penalties for deficiencies,  
8 unrecovered replacement capacity costs and/or unrecovered costs associate with the purchase  
9 and sale of emergency energy.

10  
11 The Transmission Customer shall pay (or be paid) the Residual Uplift to the (by the) Transmission  
12 Provider in accordance with Section 7 of the Tariff.

- 1 1. The rate charges for Network Integration Service will be C\$4,395.88 per MW-per month.  
2  
3 This rate will be applied to the Network Integration Transmission provided for Network Load.  
4  
5 2. The Network Customer's monthly Network Load is its hourly load at the time of the PEI  
6 hourly peak load for the month and the Network Customer's monthly Network Load includes  
7 all electrical consumption regardless of source including losses and also includes its  
8 designated Network Load not physically interconnected with the Transmission Provider  
9 under Section 31.3 of the OATT.  
10